Thank you for joining us.
The workshop will begin shortly.

Introduction to Moderating for Deliberation

October 9, 2025 2:00 EDT



Welcome

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Talk. Decide. Act. Fall 2025 Workshop Series

TALK

Introduction to Moderating for Deliberation



Oct. 9, 2025 2:00 PM ET

DECIDE

Introduction to Deliberative Framing



Nov. 6, 2025 2:00 PM ET

Learn more & register at www.nifi.org/workshops

ACT

Introduction to Deliberative Talk-to-Action Initiatives



Dec. 4, 2025 2:00 PM ET

NATIONAL ISSUES FORUMS INSTITUTE

Today's Agenda

- Defining deliberative
 Forums
- Moderator practices that encourage deliberative forums
- Resources to support your work
- Learning from each other: questions, insights, challenges

The National Issues Forums Institute

A nonpartisan nonprofit that equips, empowers, and mobilizes people to use deliberation to take action for the public good.









What Are National Issues Forums?

- Convened by a national network of individuals and organizations
- Using deliberative practices that promote nonpartisan, multi-perspective discussions or forums
- On issues of national scope that impact communities across the country





Deliberation: What is it? Why do it?

Democracy is strengthened when individuals, institutions, and governments find ways to talk and work **with** each other.

Deliberative forums of issues that impact our lives make a profound contribution to our capacity to do just that.

PUBLIC DELIBERATION

- Brings the public together to work through and take ownership of a problem.
- Encourages participants to talk through rather than just about an issue.
- Asks citizens to work through tensions, weigh tradeoffs, and make choices.
- Helps community members identify areas of common ground for taking action.
- <u>Views citizens as actors rather than passive</u> recipients of democracy.



When is Deliberation Useful?

- When the problem is complex and affects many people
- When people disagree but must live with shared decisions
- When decision makers need public legitimacy or insight
- When communities are ready to move from talk to action
- When trust and civic capacity need rebuilding











Moderating Deliberative Forums

- Examine differing approaches for moving forward on the issue.
- Work through tensions among ways to address the issue.
- Consider the trade-offs of a wide range of potential actions.
- Reflect together on what's been said, capturing commonalities and differences.
- Identify common ground for decision-making and action.



Spaces and Places for Deliberation

- In communities
- On campus
- Within organizations
- In person
- Online











Multiple Moderator Roles

- Set a welcoming tone.
- Be an active listener.
- Behave neutrally.
- Ask probing questions.
- Encourage reflections and direction-setting.
- Manage time.





What does it mean to behave neutrally?

- Avoid agreement or disagreement with participants.
- Avoid using your personal experiences to make a point.
- Encourage discussion of differing points of view.
- Ask for viewpoints held by others outside the group.



Stages of Deliberative Forums

Introduction Welcome participants.

- Introduce the issue.
- Review suggested guidelines.

Personal stake

Connect to the broad issue.

- Ask people to describe how the issue affects them, their families, or others.
- Solicit concerns or interests that brought participants to the discussion.

Deliberate about approaches

Consider each approach fairly.

- What is attractive?
- What are drawbacks?
- What trade-offs are involved?

Reflect and Next Steps

Review the discussion.

- What areas of common ground were apparent?
- What tensions and tradeoffs were most difficult?
- Who else do we need to hear from?
- What are our next steps?

Sample Guidelines for Deliberative Forums

- Consider different perspectives fairly.
- Everyone is encouraged to participate.
- Listening is just as important as speaking.
- Maintain an open and respectful atmosphere.
- Consider actions that might be taken in our communities as well as nationally.





Four Basic "Moderator Moves"

- Ask a follow-up question for clarification or to dig deeper.
- Ask a reaction question to the last speaker's comment.
- Ask a transition question to move the conversation forward.
- Synthesize key points when necessary.



Questions to Promote Deliberation

• Connect the issue to concerns of participants.

How would this action affect your life or the lives of others?

Examine potential consequences.

Is there a downside to this course of action?

Weigh trade-offs.

Would you give up _____ in order to achieve ____?

Promote interactions among participants.

Could someone give an example to illustrate what _____ just said?



Questions to go Deeper

- What strengths do we have to build on?
- How might that idea affect other people?
- Why would someone disagree?
- What viewpoints are missing in our discussion?
- How will we prioritize among many good ideas?
- Given what you care about, what are you most eager to see happen?







Reflecting on the Deliberation

- What new insights did you gain?
- How has your thinking changed—or expanded?
- What were our areas of greatest concern?
- What actions are most pressing?
- Who else needs to be involved?
- What are our next steps?







How do you know it's going well?

- People listen actively.
- Participants are talking and asking questions of each other.
- No one dominates.
- Alternate viewpoints get aired, each approach gets a fair hearing, and tradeoffs are explored.
- People share personal experiences, as they're comfortable.
- The deliberation builds toward common ground and decision making.







Anticipating Challenges in Moderating

- Moderating particularly "heated," controversial issues
- Effectively soliciting participation from all
- Dealing with misinformation
- Addressing extra-talkative participants
- Managing time effectively
- Being flexible while staying on track





Handling Moderating Challenges

Dominating Participant

- What do others think about this approach?
- What ideas have not been expressed?
- How would anyone else in the group respond to the concerns just expressed?
- Could someone tell us a story to illustrate that point?

Difficult Participant

- Gradually escalate your response.
- Use body language.
- Gradually use more assertive verbal techniques to capture key points.
- Refer to the guidelines.
- Redirect the conversation by saying "Thank you.
 What do others think about that?"

Misinformation from a Participant

- Does anyone have a different perspective on that?
- Use the discussion guide.
- What does that information mean to you?
- Would you give us an example?



Handling Moderating Challenges

All Comments Directed to Moderator

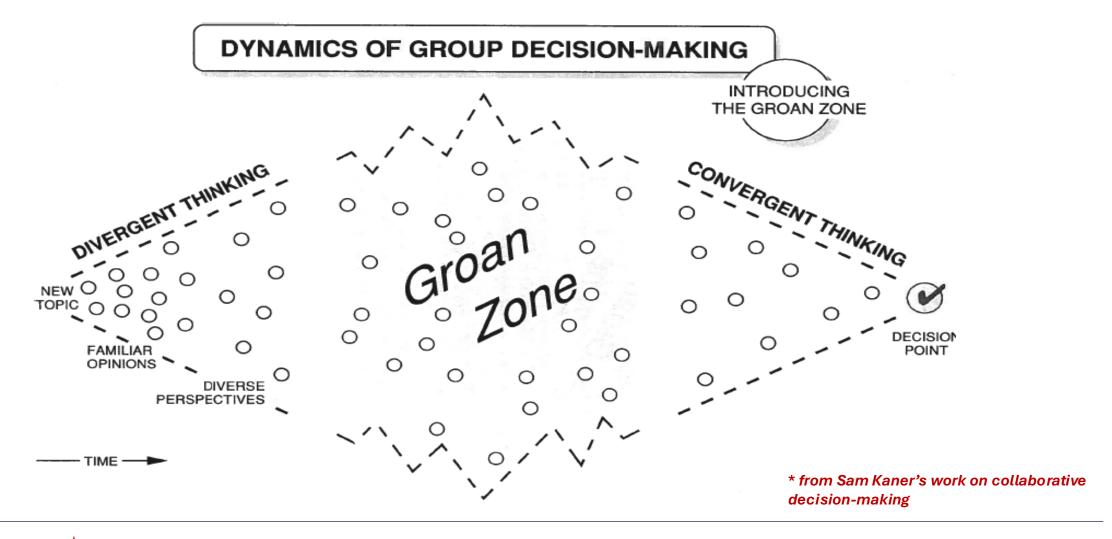
- Does that bring up anything for anyone?
- That gets us started, so how do you respond?
- Could someone give an example to illustrate what was just said?
- Allow silence. Someone will respond.
- Move back out of the circle.

Emotions Run High

- Remember that people come first, not the issue or the agenda.
- Acknowledge what is happening; don't attempt to suppress or ignore the emotion.
- If appropriate, ask the group to reflect, respond, and then continue the conversation.
- Take a brief break if needed before continuing the deliberation.



You are Entering the *Groan Zone*





Time for Today's Small Group Discussions

- Connect with others.
- Ask questions.
- Share your experiences.
- Reflect on what you've learned.
- Consider your own next steps.





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Share Your Feedback!





Thank you for joining us!

Please stay in touch.

Website: nifi.org

Email: cbrawner@nifi.org

